

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 04.20.2026

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Engine and Wheel Cleaner (Mast)

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name: Engine and Wheel Cleaner (Mast)

Product code: MS-420

Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

Relevant Identified Uses: Tire and Wheel Cleaner

Uses Advised Against: NA

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or Supplier Details

Manufacturer:

United States

Mast Solutions

430 North Franklin Street

Lancaster, PA 17602

631-255-9869

jonk@mastsolutionsinc.com

www.mastsolutionsinc.com

Emergency Telephone Number:

North America

CHEMTREC

800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A

Serious eye damage, category 1

Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary Statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 Wash contaminated area thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor if difficulty in breathing occurs.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P405 Store locked up

P501 It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	1-45
CAS Number: 527-07-1	Sodium gluconate	1-30
CAS Number: 6834-92-0	Disodium metasilicate	1-20
CAS Number: 61789-40-0	1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	0.29-10.85
CAS Number: 1300-72-7	Sodium Xylenesulfonate	0.4-7.5
CAS Number: 50-00-0	Formaldehyde	<0.0315
CAS Number: 79-43-6	Dichloroacetic acid	<0.0315

Additional Information: None

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General Notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to attending Medical Professional.

After Inhalation:

If inhaled, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

After Skin Contact:

Wash off immediately with soap and water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Treatment is urgent. Seek emergency medical treatment. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several

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minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes, under eyelids with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek Medical attention if necessary.

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

After Swallowing:

If Swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed otherwise by a medical professional. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Seek immediate medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Acute Symptoms and Effects:

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision.

Delayed Symptoms and Effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Specific Treatment:

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of skin contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of ingestion, seek prompt medical attention.

Notes for the Doctor:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

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Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to Other Sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not add water to the corrosive product. If it is necessary to mix a corrosive product with water, do so slowly adding the corrosive to cold water, in small amounts, and stir frequently. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep only in original packaging. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight and away from exit paths. Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Inspect containers and storage area regularly for signs of leak and damage. Store containers at a convenient height for handling, below eye level if possible. High shelving increases the risk of dropping containers, personal injury and exposure. Ensure that appropriate fire fighting and spill-clean up equipment is readily available. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store separately. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

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Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
ACGIH	Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m ³
	Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	8-Hour TWA: 0.5 ppm
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	8-Hour TWA: 0.1 ppm
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	15-Minute STEL: 0.3 ppm
NIOSH	Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m ³
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	IDLH: 20 ppm
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	REL-TWA: 0.016 ppm (up to 10 hr)
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Ceiling Limit: 0.1 ppm (15 min)
United States(California)	Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m ³
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 0.75 ppm (0.5 ppm Action Level)
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	15-Minute STEL: 2 ppm
OSHA	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 0.75 ppm (0.5 ppm Action Level)
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	15-Minute STEL: 2 ppm (PEL)

Biological Limit Values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye and Face Protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Consider the use of a face shield for splash protection. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Skin and Body Protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Full body protection should be worn. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by

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recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

General Hygienic Measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Not determined or not available.
Odor	Not determined or not available.
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

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None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Route	Result
Potassium hydroxide	oral	LD50 Rat: 333 mg/kg
Disodium metasilicate	dermal	LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg ([Read-across substance data])
	oral	LD50 Rat: 1152 - 1349 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: > 2.06 mg/L (4 hr [vapor, Read-across substance data])
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	oral	LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rat: > 2000 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
	Inhalation ATE	LC50 Rat: 100 ppmV (4 hr [Gas])
	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rat: 300 mg/kg
Dichloroacetic acid	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 797 mg/kg
	oral	LD50 Rat: 2820 mg/kg
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	oral	LD50 Rat: > 16,200 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Disodium metasilicate	Causes severe skin burns.
Potassium hydroxide	Causes severe skin burns.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Causes skin irritation.
Formaldehyde	Causes severe skin burns.
Dichloroacetic acid	Causes severe skin burns.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

Product Data:

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No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Disodium metasilicate	Causes serious eye damage.
Potassium hydroxide	Causes serious eye damage.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Causes serious eye irritation.
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Causes serious eye irritation.
Formaldehyde	Causes serious eye damage.
Dichloroacetic acid	Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Formaldehyde	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Species	Result
Formaldehyde		May cause cancer.
Dichloroacetic acid		Suspected of causing cancer.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Disodium metasilicate	Not Applicable
Potassium hydroxide	Not Applicable
Sodium gluconate	Not Applicable
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Not Applicable
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Not Applicable
Dichloroacetic acid	Group 2B
Formaldehyde	Group 1

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

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Name	Classification
Disodium metasilicate	Not Applicable
Potassium hydroxide	Not Applicable
Sodium gluconate	Not Applicable
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Not Applicable
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Not Applicable
Dichloroacetic acid	Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens
Formaldehyde	Known to be human carcinogens

OSHA Carcinogens:

Ingredient Name	CAS	OSHA Carcinogens Status
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Yes

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Formaldehyde	Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Dichloroacetic acid	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
	May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Disodium metasilicate	May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

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Name	Result
Dichloroacetic acid	May cause damage to organs (brain, liver, testes) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

No data available.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available.

Other Information:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Disodium metasilicate	Aquatic Plants EC50 <i>Desmodium subspicatus</i> : 207 mg/L (72 hr [biomass, Read-across substance data])
	Fish LC50 <i>Danio rerio</i> : 210 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> : 1700 mg/L (48 hr [Read-across substance data])
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Fish LC50 <i>Danio rerio</i> : 2 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> : 6.4 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 <i>Ulva lactuca</i> : 30 mg/L (48 hr [biomass])
Dichloroacetic acid	Fish LC50 Marine water fish: >2000 mg/L (96 h)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Marine water algae: 148.2 mg/L (72 h [cell number])
Formaldehyde	Fish LC50 <i>Morone saxatilis</i> : 6.7 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 <i>Daphnia pulex</i> : 5.8 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 <i>Desmodium subspicatus</i> : 6.61 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])

Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> : 0.9 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
Formaldehyde	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> : \geq 6.4 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])

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Persistence and Degradability

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Potassium hydroxide	Persistence assessment based on biodegradability is not relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
Formaldehyde	The substance is readily biodegradable. 99% degradation in water, measured by DOC removal, after 28 days.
Dichloroacetic acid	The substance is readily biodegradable. 93% degradation, measured by Oxygen consumption, after 15 days.
Disodium metasilicate	Persistence assessment based on biodegradability is not relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	The substance is readily biodegradable .>90% degradation in water, measured by test mat. analysis, after 5 days.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Potassium hydroxide	Bioaccumulation assessment using a classic BCF assessment is not considered relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
Dichloroacetic acid	This substance has low potential for bioaccumulation.
Disodium metasilicate	Bioaccumulation assessment using a classic BCF assessment is not considered relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Standard bioaccumulation studies are not applicable to UVCB substances.
Formaldehyde	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (BCF= < 1 dimensionless).

Mobility in Soil

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Potassium hydroxide	Mobility in soil assessment not applicable for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
Formaldehyde	The substance is mobile, therefore, there is low potential for adsorption to soil and sediment (log Koc = 1.202) [calculation method]
Dichloroacetic acid	This substance will not adsorb at all to soils or sediments should these environmental compartments be exposed to it.
Disodium metasilicate	Mobility in soil assessment based on KOC/Kd values are not relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	The substance is mobile, therefore, there is low potential for adsorption to soil and sediment (log Koc: 1.812 dimensionless at 25 °C, Read-across substance data).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT.

vPvB assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance Data:

PBT assessment:

Potassium hydroxide	The substance is not PBT.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	The substance is not PBT.
Formaldehyde	The substance is not PBT.
Dichloroacetic acid	The substance is not PBT.
Disodium metasilicate	PBT assessment does not apply to inorganic compounds such as this substance.

vPvB assessment:

Potassium hydroxide	The substance is not vPvB.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	The substance is not vPvB.
Formaldehyde	The substance is not PBT.
Dichloroacetic acid	The substance is not vPvB.
Disodium metasilicate	vPvB assessment does not apply to inorganic compounds such as this substance.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods:


It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities.

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	1760
UN Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM METASILICATE
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	8 
Packing Group	II
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN Number	Not regulated
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UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

Inventory Listing (TSCA): All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5): None of the ingredients are listed.

Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b): None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:

50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed
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SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed
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CERCLA:

1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	Listed	1000 lb
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed	100 lbs

RCRA:

50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed	U122
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Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA):

50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed
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Massachusetts Right to Know:

1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	Listed
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed

New Jersey Right to Know:

1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	Listed
79-43-6	Dichloroacetic acid	Listed
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed

New York Right to Know:

1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	Listed
79-43-6	Dichloroacetic acid	Listed
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed

Pennsylvania Right to Know:

1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	Listed
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Engine and Wheel Cleaner (Mast)

50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Listed
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California Proposition 65:

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Formaldehyde; which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Dichloroacetic acid; which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Additional information: Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

NFPA: 0-0-0

HMIS: 0-0-0

Initial Preparation Date: 04.20.2026

End of Safety Data Sheet